

Poverty and Governance

347G

Spring 2019

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Poor governance ---manifested in corruption, absence of rule of law, abuse of power, ineffective government, political instability and violence--- is a leading cause of poverty and its persistence. The course will present a survey of some of the major works on the links between governance and poverty. Poverty relief requires active government involvement in provision of public services such as drinking water, healthcare, sanitation, education, roads, electricity and public safety. It also requires solving the problem of violence. Failure to tame violence, restrain corruption and deliver public goods and services is a major impediment to the alleviation of poverty. The course aims at providing students with knowledge regarding global poverty.

I. Course Requirements

- (1) All students, whether auditing or taking the course for credit, must do the readings. Each week students must read all of the *required* readings. Students need to actively participate in class and demonstrate that they have done the readings (15% of the grade).
- (2) Students must help lead one of the class discussions. Students in charge of leading the discussion for that week must distribute a summary of the required readings a day in advance. They also should come prepared with a series of questions to discuss in class. The class presentation must: i) thoroughly discuss the required readings (theory, hypotheses, data analyses, etc.), and ii) present a series of critiques to the readings (30% of the grade).
- (3) All students must write one 5-page summary of the recommended readings for one week, and distribute this in advance. Students can choose to write about one book or about 3 journal articles from the recommended readings (15% of the grade).
- (4) Students must write a 20-page research paper (40% of the grade).

II. Students with Disabilities

Students who may need an academic accommodation based on the impact of a disability must initiate the request with the Office of Accessible Education (OAE). Professional staff will evaluate the request with required documentation, recommend reasonable accommodations, and prepare an Accommodation Letter for faculty dated in the current quarter in which the request is being made. Students should contact the OAE as soon as possible since timely notice is needed to coordinate accommodations.

The OAE is located at 563 Salvatierra Walk (phone: 723---1066, URL: <http://studentaffairs.stanford.edu/oea>).

III. Required Books (for purchase or to be read from the library):

III. Required Books (for purchase or to be read from the library):

Recommended books

Banerjee, A. V., & Duflo, E. (2011). *Poor economics: A radical rethinking of the way to fight global poverty*. New York: Public Affairs.

Collier, P. (2007). *Bottom billion*. Oxford: Oxford University Press

Acemoglu and Robinson *Why Nations Fail: The Origins of Power, Prosperity and Poverty*; Crown Publishers 2012

Steven Pinker *The Better Angels of our Nature* In Viking Pinguin (2011)

Ray Fisman and Miriam Golden *Corruption: What Everyone Needs to Know* Oxford University press 2017

Diaz-Cayeros, A., Estevez, F., & Magaloni, B. (2016). *The political logic of poverty relief: Electoral strategies and social policy in Mexico*. Cambridge University Press. (don't buy it, but we will some chapters).

Other recommended books:

North, D. C., Wallis, J. J., & Weingast, B. R. (2009). *Violence and social orders: a conceptual framework for interpreting recorded human history*. Cambridge University Press.

Deaton, Angus. *The great escape: health, wealth, and the origins of inequality*. Princeton University Press, 2013.

Sachs, J. D. (2005). *The End of Poverty*, New York: Penguin Books., 1---4, 11---18.

Radelet, S. (2015). *The great surge: The ascent of the developing world*.

Haugen, G. A., & Boutros, V. (2015). *The locust effect: Why the end of poverty requires the end of violence*. Oxford University Press.

Gambetta, D. (1996). *The Sicilian Mafia: the business of private protection*. Harvard University Press.

Fisman, R., & Miguel, E. (2010). *Economic Gangsters: corruption, violence, and the poverty of nations*. Princeton University Press.

Robert Bates. Bates, R.H., 2015. *When things fell Apart*. Cambridge University Press.

Journal articles are all obtainable electronically. Journal articles and book chapters will also be accessible at the course webpage. All book materials can be ordered through e---books.

Session 1: Historical Institutions and long-run development

*Acemoglu, D., Johnson, S., & Robinson, J. A. (2012). The colonial origins of comparative development: An empirical investigation: Reply. *The American Economic Review*, 102(6), 3077-3110.

*Dell, M. (2010). "The persistent effects of Peru's mining mita." *Econometrica*, 78(6), 1863-1903.

*Nunn N. "The Long Term Effects of Africa's Slave Trades". *Quarterly Journal of Economics*. 2008;123(1):139-176.

Recommended:

Books:

- Diamond, Jared M., and Doug Ordunio. *Guns, germs, and steel*. Books on Tape, 1997.
- Walter Scheidel. 2017. *The Great Leveler: Violence and the History of Inequality*

Articles

- La Porta R, Lopez-de-Silanes F, Shleifer A, Vishny R. (1998). Law and finance. *Journal of Political Economy*.
- Engerman, S. L., & Sokoloff, K. L. (2002). "Factor endowments, inequality, and paths of development among new world economics" (No. w9259). National Bureau of Economic Research.
- Feyrer, J., & Sacerdote, B. (2009). Colonialism and modern income: islands as natural experiments. *The Review of Economics and Statistics*, 91(2), 245-262.
- Huillery, Elise. "History matters: The long-term impact of colonial public investments in French West Africa." *American Economic Journal: Applied Economics* (2009): 176-215.
- Acemoglu, D., Johnson, S., & Robinson, J. A (2001). "The Colonial Origins of Comparative Development: An Empirical Investigation." *The American Economic Review*, 91(5), 1369-1401.
- Acemoglu, Daron, Simon Johnson and James Robinson (2006) "Institutions as a Fundamental Cause of Long-Run Growth" in Philippe Aghion and Steven Durlauf eds. *Handbook of Economic Growth*, Amsterdam; North-Holland.
- Nunn, N., & Puga, D. (2012). Ruggedness: The blessing of bad geography in Africa. *Review of Economics and Statistics*, 94(1), 20-36.
- Nunn, Nathan, and Leonard Wantchekon. 2011. "The Slave Trade and the Origins of Mistrust in Africa." *American Economic Review*, 101(7): 3221-52.
- Iyer, L., & Banerjee, A. (2005). History, Institutions, and Economic Performance: The Legacy of Colonial Land Tenure Systems in India. *American Economic Review*, 95(3), 1190-1213.

- Albouy, D. Y. (2012). The colonial origins of comparative development: an empirical investigation: comment. *The American Economic Review*, 102(6), 3059-3076.
- Acemoglu, D., Johnson, S., & Robinson, J. A. (2002). "Reversal of fortune: Geography and institutions in the making of the modern world income distribution." *Quarterly journal of economics*, 1231-1294.

Session 2: Violence in human history

*Pinker, Steven. *The better angels of our nature: Why violence has declined*. Vol. 75. New York: Viking, 2011.

Recommended

- North, D. C., Wallis, J. J., & Weingast, B. R. (2009). *Violence and social orders: a conceptual framework for interpreting recorded human history*. Chapters TBA Cambridge University Press.
- Fukuyama, Francis. *The origins of political order: From prehuman times to the French Revolution*. Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2011
- Fukuyama, Francis. *Political order and political decay: From the industrial revolution to the globalization of democracy*. Macmillan, 2014.
- Richard Wrangham. *The Goodness Paradox: The Strange Relationship Between Virtue and Violence in Human Evolution*
- Nicholas A Christakis *Blueprint: The Evolutionary Origins of a Good Society*

Session 3: Civil wars

*Collier, P. (2007). *Bottom billion*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1---3 6---8

*Blattman, Christopher and Edward Miguel. 2010. "Civil War" *Journal of Economic Literature* Vol. 48, No. 1. Pp:3-57

*Fearon, James D., and David D. Laitin. "Ethnicity, insurgency, and civil war." *American political science review* 97, no. 01 (2003): 75-90.

*Fearon, James D. "Primary commodity exports and civil war." *Journal of conflict Resolution* 49, no. 4 (2005): 483-507.

Recommended

Books

- Robert Bates. Bates, R.H., 2015. *When Things Fell Apart*. Cambridge University Press.
- Acemoglu, D., & Robinson, J. (2012). *Why nations fail: The origins of power, prosperity, and poverty*. Crown Business. Chapters 2, 11, 13, and 15.
- Samuel Huntington. *Political order in Changing Societies*

- Bates, Robert H. 2001. *Prosperity and Violence: The Political Economy of Development*. New York and London: Norton.
- Fukuyama, Francis. *The origins of political order: From pre-human times to the French Revolution*. Macmillan, 2011.
- Fukuyama, Francis. *Political order and political decay: From the industrial revolution to the globalization of democracy*. Macmillan, 2014.

Articles

- Bates, Robert H., Avner Greif, and Smita Singh. 2002. "Organizing Violence." *Journal of Conflict Resolution*, 46(5): 599-628
- Miguel, Edward, Shanker Satyanath and Ernest Sergenti (2004), "Economic Shocks and Civil Conflict: An Instrumental Variables Approach," *Journal of Political Economy* 112 (4):725-753.
- Hsiang, S. M., Burke, M., & Miguel, E. (2013). Quantifying the influence of climate on human conflict. *Science*, 341(6151), 1235367
- Fearon, James D., and David D. Laitin. "Sons of the soil, migrants, and civil war." *World Development* 39, no. 2 (2011): 199-211.
- Soysa, I.D. and Neumayer, E., 2007. Resource wealth and the risk of civil war onset: results from a new dataset of natural resource rents, 1970–1999. *Conflict Management and Peace Science*, 24(3), pp.201-218.
- Bellows, John, and Edward Miguel. 2006. "War and Institutions: New Evidence from Sierra Leone." *American Economic Review*, 96(2): 394-99
- Besancon, Marie L. 2005. "Relative Resources: Inequality in Ethnic Wars, Revolutions, and Genocides." *Journal of Peace Research*, 42(4): 393-415
- Fearon, James D. "Ethnic mobilization and ethnic violence." *The Oxford Handbook of Political Economy* (2006): 852-868.
- Fearon, James D. "Why do some civil wars last so much longer than others?." *Journal of Peace Research* 41, no. 3 (2004): 275-301.
- Fearon, J.D. and Laitin, D., 2014. Does Contemporary Armed Conflict Have' Deep Historical Roots'?
- Dube, O., & Vargas, J. F. (2013). Commodity price shocks and civil conflict: Evidence from Colombia. *The Review of Economic Studies*, 80(4), 1384-1421.
- Yanagizawa-Drott, D. (2014). "Propaganda and Conflict: Evidence from the Rwandan Genocide" *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 129(4), pp.1947-1994.
- Sachs, J. D. (2005). *The End of Poverty*, New York: Penguin Books., 1---4, 11---18.
- Easterly, W. (2001). *The elusive quest for growth: economists' adventures and misadventures in the tropics*. MIT press.

Session 4: Mafias, Organized Crime and the state

*Dell, M. (2015) "Trafficking Networks and the Mexican Drug War." *American Economic Review*.

*Lessing, Benjamin. "Logics of violence in criminal war." *Journal of Conflict Resolution* 59, no. 8 (2015): 1486-1516.

* Magaloni, B, Melo and Franco (forthcoming) "Killing in the Slums: Criminal governance, social order and policing in Rio de Janeiro" *American Political Science Review*

* Magaloni, Beatriz, Robles, Gustavo, Alia Matanock, Vidal Romero and Alberto D. 2017. (forthcoming) "Living in Fear: The Dynamics of Extortion and Criminal Governance in Mexico". *Comparative Political Studies*

Recommended

Books

- Charles Tilly to Blok, A. (1974). *The Mafia of a Sicilian village, 1860-1960: a study of violent peasant entrepreneurs*. New York & Oxford: Blackwell
- Gambetta, D. (1996). *The Sicilian Mafia: the business of private protection*. Harvard University Press.
- Haugen, G. A., & Boutros, V. (2015). *The locust effect: Why the end of poverty requires the end of violence*. Oxford University Press.
- Grillo, Ioan. *El Narco: inside Mexico's criminal insurgency*. Bloomsbury Publishing USA, 2012.
- Grillo, Ioan. *Gangster warlords: Drug dollars, killing fields, and the new politics of Latin America*. Bloomsbury Publishing USA, 2016.
- Sullivan, J.P. and Bunker, R.J., 2011. Rethinking insurgency: criminality, spirituality, and societal warfare in the Americas. *Small Wars & Insurgencies*, 22(5), pp.742-763.
- Misha Glennly. 2008. *McMafia*. New York: Random House

Articles

- Calderón, Gabriela, Gustavo Robles, Alberto Díaz-Cayeros, and Beatriz Magaloni. "The beheading of criminal organizations and the dynamics of violence in Mexico." *Journal of Conflict Resolution* 59, no. 8 (2015): 1455-1485.
- Jarillo, B., Magaloni, B., Franco, E. and Robles, G., 2016. "How the Mexican drug war affects kids and schools? Evidence on effects and mechanisms". *International Journal of Educational Development*, 51, pp.135-146.
- Dube, Arindrajit, Oeindrila Dube, and Omar García-Ponce. "Cross-border spillover: US gun laws and violence in Mexico." *American Political Science Review* 107, no. 3 (2013): 397-417.
- Diaz-Cayeros, Alberto, Beatriz Magaloni, and Vidal Romero. "10. Caught in the crossfire: the geography of extortion and police corruption in Mexico." *Greed, Corruption, and the Modern State: Essays in Political Economy* (2015): 252.
- Oeindrila Dube and Suresh Naidu. 2017. "Bases, Bullets and Ballots: The Effect of Us Military Aid on Political Conflict in Colombia"

- Pinotti, P. (2012). “The economic costs of organized crime: evidence from southern Italy”. Bank of Italy Temi di Discussione (Working Paper) No, 868.
- Bandiera, O. (2003). “Land reform, the market for protection, and the origins of the Sicilian mafia: theory and evidence”. *Journal of Law, Economics, and Organization*, 19(1), 218-244.
- Stasis Kalyvas. 2015. “How Civil Wars Help Explain Organized Crime –and How They Do Not”. *Journal of Conflict Resolution*. Vol. 59(8).
- Viridiana Rios. 2015. “How Government Coordination Controlled Organized Crime: The Case of Mexico’s Cocaine Markets”. *Journal of Conflict Resolution*. Vol. 59(8).
- Angelica Duran Martinez (2015) “To Kill and Tell? State Power, Criminal Competition, and Drug Violence” *Journal of Conflict Resolution* Vol. 59(8)
- David Shirk and Joel Wallman 2015 Understanding Mexico’s Drug Violence *Journal of Conflict Resolution* Vol. 59(8)
- Angelica Duran Martinez (2015) “Drugs Around the Corner: Domestic Drug Markets and Violence in Colombia and Mexico” *Latin American Politics and Society* Vol. 57 Issue 3
- Javier Osorio 2015 The Contagion of Drug Violence: Spatiotemporal Dynamics of the Mexican War on Drugs *Journal of Conflict Resolution* Vol. 59(8)
- Trejo, Guillermo, and Sandra Ley. 2013. “Votes, Drugs, and Violence. Subnational Democratization and the Onset of Inter-Cartel Wars in Mexico, 1995-2006.” Unpublished Paper, Notre Dame University

Session 5. A Radical Rethinking of How to Fight Poverty

* Banerjee, A. V., & Duflo, E. (2011). *Poor economics: A radical rethinking of the way to fight global poverty*. New York: Public Affairs.

Recommended:

Books

- Deaton, Angus. *The great escape: health, wealth, and the origins of inequality*. Princeton University Press, 2013.
- Radelet, S. (2015). *The great surge: The ascent of the developing world*.

Articles

- Banerjee, A., & Duflo, E. (2009). Udaipur Case Study: “Improving Health Care Delivery in India”
- Banerjee, A., & Duflo, E. (2011). More than 1 billion people are hungry in the world. *Foreign Policy*, (186), 66-72.
- Check J-Pal webpage for numerous articles on RCTs

Session 6. Corruption

- * Olken, Benjamin and Barron, Patrick (2009), "The Simple Economics of Extortion: Evidence from Trucking in Aceh", *Journal of Political Economy* 117(3), 417-452.
- * Fisman, Ray (2001) "Estimating the Value of Political Connections," *American Economic Review*, 91: 1095-1102.
- * Olken, B. A., & Pande, R. (2012). "Corruption in developing countries". *Annu. Rev. Econ.*, 4(1), 479-509.
- * Fisman, R. and Miguel, E. (2007). Corruption, norms, and legal enforcement: Evidence from diplomatic parking tickets. *Journal of Political Economy*, 115(6):102

Recommended

Books

- Fisman, R., & Miguel, E. (2010). *Economic gangsters: corruption, violence, and the poverty of nations*. Princeton University Press.
- Fisman, Ray and Miriam Golden. 2017. *Corruption: What Everybody Needs to Know* Oxford: Oxford University Press

Articles

- Bicchieri, C. and Xiao, E. (2009). Do the right thing: But only if others do so. *Journal of Behavioral Decision Making*, 22(2):191
- Kuziemko, Ilyana y Eric D. Werker (2006), "How Much Is a Seat on the Security Council Worth? Foreign Aid and Bribery at the United Nations", *Journal of Political Economy* 114, no. 5 (October 2006): 905-930
- Bai, J., Jayachandran, S., Malesky, E. J., & Olken, B. (2013). DP9677 Does Economic Growth Reduce Corruption? Theory and Evidence from Vietnam.
- Hausmann, Ricardo (2015). "Fighting Corruption Won't End Poverty" Project Syndicate
- Reinikka, Ritva and Svensson, Jacob (2004) "Local Capture: Evidence from a Central Government Transfer Program in Uganda," *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 119: 679-705.
- Galiani, S., Gertler, P., & Schargrodsky, E. (2008). School decentralization: Helping the good get better, but leaving the poor behind. *Journal of Public Economics*, 92(10), 2106-2120.
- Gupta, S., Davoodi, H., & Alonso-Terme, R. (2002). Does corruption affect income inequality and poverty?. *Economics of governance*, 3(1), 23-45.
- Justesen, M. K., & Bjørnskov, C. (2014). Exploiting the poor: Bureaucratic corruption and poverty in Africa. *World Development*, 58, 106-115.

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Session 7: Restraining Corruption

- * Chong, Alberto, Ana L. De La O, Dean Karlan, and Leonard Wantchekon. "Does corruption information inspire the fight or quash the hope? A field experiment in Mexico

on voter turnout, choice, and party identification." *The Journal of Politics* 77, no. 1 (2014): 55-71.

* Ferraz, Claudio, and Frederico Finan. "Exposing corrupt politicians: the effects of Brazil's publicly released audits on electoral outcomes." *The Quarterly journal of economics* 123, no. 2 (2008): 703-745.

* Olken, B. A. (2007). "Monitoring corruption: evidence from a field experiment in Indonesia". *Journal of political Economy*, 115(2), 200-249.

* Dal Bó, Ernesto, Frederico Finan, and Martín A. Rossi. "Strengthening state capabilities: The role of financial incentives in the call to public service." *The Quarterly Journal of Economics* 128, no. 3 (2013): 1169-1218.

Recommended:

- Banerjee, A. V., Duflo, E., & Glennerster, R. (2008). Putting a Band-Aid on a corpse: Incentives for nurses in the Indian public health care system. *Journal of the European Economic Association*, 6(2-3), 487-500.
- Gottlieb, J. (2016). Greater Expectations: A Field Experiment to Improve Accountability in Mali. *American Journal of Political Science*, 60(1), 143-157.
- Duflo, Esther, Hanna, Rema, and Stephen Ryan (2007). "Incentives Work: Getting Teachers to Come to School" Forthcoming in *American Economic Review*
- Banerjee, A., Hanna, R., Kyle, J., Olken, B., and Sumarto, S. (2015). "The Power of Transparency: Information, Identification Cards and Food Subsidy Programs in Indonesia," mimeo.
- Fujiwara, Thomas, and Leonard Wantchekon. "Can informed public deliberation overcome clientelism? Experimental evidence from Benin." *American Economic Journal: Applied Economics* 5, no. 4 (2013): 241-55.
- Ferraz, Claudio and Frederico Finan (2008), "Exposing Corrupt Politicians: The Effects of Brazil's Publicly Released Audits and Electoral Outcomes," *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 703-745.
- Burgess, Robin, Matthew Hansen, Benjamin Olken, Peter Potapov, and Stefanie Sieber, "The Political Economy of Deforestation in the Tropics," *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 127(4): 1707-1754.
- Gulzar, Saad, and Benjamin J. Pasquale. "Politicians, bureaucrats, and development: Evidence from India." *American Political Science Review* 111, no. 1 (2017): 162-183
- Botero, Sandra, Rodrigo Castro Cornejo, Laura Gamboa, Nara Pavao, and David W. Nickerson. "Says who? An experiment on allegations of corruption and credibility of sources." *Political Research Quarterly* 68, no. 3 (2015): 493-504.
- Lagunes, Paul F. "Corruption's challenge to democracy: a review of the issues." *Politics & Policy* 40, no. 5 (2012): 802-826.

Session 8: Alleviating Poverty and public goods

Habyarimana, J., Humphreys, M., Posner, D. N., & Weinstein, J. M. (2007). Why does ethnic diversity undermine public goods provision? *American Political Science Review*, 101(04), 709-725.

Chattopadhyay, Raghendra and Duflo, Esther (2004) "Women as Policy Makers: Evidence from an India-wide Randomized Policy Experiment", *Econometrica*, Vol. 72, No. 5, pp. 1409-1443

Diaz-Cayeros, A., Estevez, F., & Magaloni, B. (2016). *The political logic of poverty relief: Electoral strategies and social policy in Mexico*. Cambridge University Press. Chapters TBA

Recommended

Books

- Min, B. (2015). *Power and the Vote: Elections and Electricity in the Developing World*. Cambridge University Press, New York
- Stokes, Susan C., Thad Dunning, Marcelo Nazareno, and Valeria Brusco. *Brokers, voters, and clientelism: The puzzle of distributive politics*. Cambridge University Press, 2013.
- Mares, Isabela. *From open secrets to secret voting: Democratic electoral reforms and voter autonomy*. Cambridge University Press, 2015.

Articles

- Finan, Frederico, and Laura Schechter. "Vote-buying an reciprocity." *Econometrica* 80, no. 2 (2012): 863-881.
- Alatas, V., Banerjee, A., Hanna, R., Olken, B. A., & Tobias, J. (2012). Targeting the poor: evidence from a field experiment in Indonesia. *The American economic review*, 102(4), 1206-1240.
- Wantchekon, Leonard. "Clientelism and voting behavior: Evidence from a field experiment in Benin." *World politics* 55, no. 3 (2003): 399-422.
- Blattman, C., & Niehaus, P. (2014). Show Them the Money: Why Giving Cash Helps Alleviate Poverty. *Foreign Aff.*, 93, 117.
- Handa, S., Seidenfeld, D., Davis, B., & Tembo, G. (2015). "The Social and Productive Impacts of Zambia's Child Grant". *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management*.
- De La, O. and Ana, L., 2013. "Do conditional cash transfers affect electoral behavior? Evidence from a randomized experiment in Mexico". *American Journal of Political Science*, 57(1), pp.1-14.
- Cesar Zucco. 2013. "When Payouts Pay Off: Conditional Cash-Transfers and Voting Behavior in Brazil: 2002-2010"
- Fried, B. J. (2012). "Distributive politics and conditional cash transfers: The case of Brazil's Bolsa Familia". *World Development*, 40(5):1042-53

- Dunning, T. and Nilekani, J. (2013). “Ethnic quotas and political mobilization: Caste, parties, and distribution in Indian village councils”. *American Political Science Review*, 107(1):35-56
- Bardhan, P. and Mookherjee, D. (2006). Pro-Poor Targeting and Accountability of Local Governments in West Bengal. *Journal of Development Economics*, 79(2):303-327.
- Banerjee, A., & Somanathan, R. (2007). The political economy of public goods: Some evidence from India. *Journal of development Economics*, 82(2), 287-314.
- Jack, B. K., & Recalde, M. P. (2015). Leadership and the voluntary provision of public goods: Field evidence from Bolivia. *Journal of Public Economics*, 122, 80-93.
- Tsai, L. L. (2007). Solidary groups, informal accountability, and local public goods provision in rural China. *American Political Science Review*, 101(02), 355-372.
- Algan Y., C Hémet and D, Laitin (2012) “Diversity and Local Public Goods: A Natural Experiment with Exogenous Residential Allocation”
- Easterly, W., Alesina, A. F., & Baqir, R. (1997). Public Goods and Ethnic Divisions. *Quarterly Journal of Economics*. 114(4):1243---84.
- Chhibber, P., & Nooruddin, I. (2004). Do party systems count? The number of parties and government performance in the Indian states. *Comparative Political Studies*, 37(2), 152-187.
- Gerring, J., Thacker, S. C., & Moreno, C. (2005). Centripetal democratic governance: A theory and global inquiry. *American Political Science Review*, 99(04), 567-581.
- Franck, R. and Rainer, I. (2012). Does the leader's ethnicity matter? Ethnic favoritism, education, and health in Sub-Saharan Africa. *American Political Science Review*, 106(2):294-325.
- Kramon, E. and Posner, D. N. (2013). “Who benefits from distributive politics? How the outcome one studies affects the answer one gets”. *Perspectives on Politics*, 11(2):461-74
- Lieberman, E. S. and McClendon, G. H. (2013). “The ethnicity policy preference link in Sub-Saharan Africa. *Comparative Political Studies*, 46(5):574:602.
- Pande, Rohini, (2003) “Can Mandated Political Representation Increase Policy Influence for Disadvantaged Minorities”, *American Economic Review* 93 (4), pp 1132-1151
- Baland, Jean Marie and James A. Robinson (2008) “Land and Power: Theory and Evidence from Chile”, *American Economic Review* 98 , no. 5 (2008): 1737–65
- Larreguy, Horacio (2012) “Monitoring Political Brokers: Evidence from Clientelistic Networks in Mexico” Mimeo.
- Ross, M. (2006). Is democracy good for the poor? *American Journal of Political Science*, 50(4):860-74.
- Humphreys, M., Masters, W. A., and Sandbu, M. E. (2006). The role of leaders in democratic deliberations: Results from a field experiment in Sao Tomae and Principe. *World Politics*, 58(4):583-622.
- Gajwani, K., & Zhang, X. (2014). Gender and public goods provision in Tamil Nadu's village governments. *The World Bank Economic Review*.
- Baum, M. A., & Lake, D. A. (2003). The political economy of growth:

Democracy and human capital. *American Journal of Political Science*, 47(2), 333-347.

- Harding, R., & Stasavage, D. (2013). What democracy does (and doesn't do) for basic services: School fees, school inputs, and African elections. *The Journal of Politics*, 76(1), 229-245.
- Kudamatsu, M. (2012). "Has Democratization Reduced Infant Mortality in Sub-Saharan Africa? Evidence from Micro Data". *Journal of the European Economic Association* Vol. 10, issue 6.
- Miller, G. (2008). Women's suffrage, political responsiveness, and child survival in American history. *The Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 123(3), 1287-1327.
- Sachikonye, L. M. (2002). Democracy, Sustainable Development and Poverty: Are They compatible? Development Policy Management Forum.